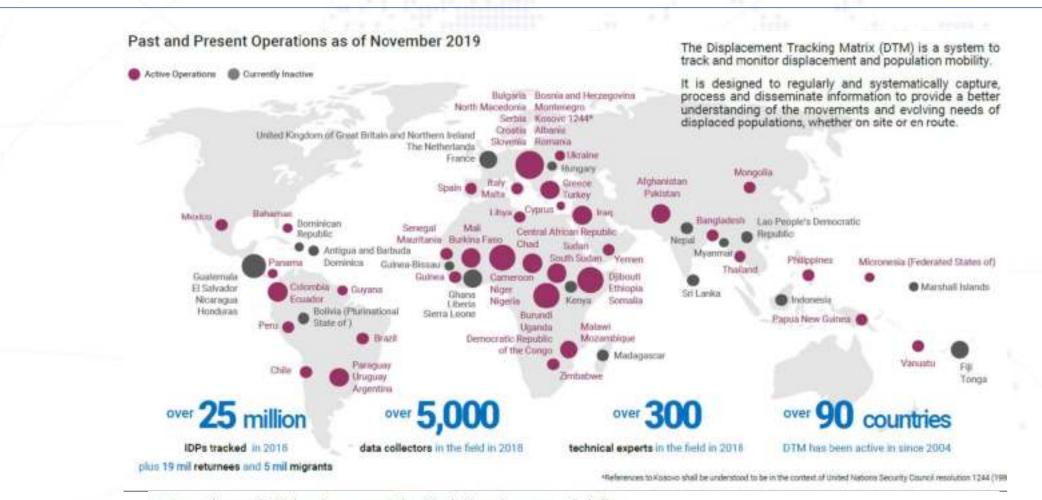


THE UN MIGRATION AGENCY

Bogotá D.C., May 2020



UNDERSTANDING DISPLACEMENT FOR BETTER AND ACCOUNTABLE HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE



DTM operations worldwide have been supported and funded by various sources, including:



CONTEXT OVERVIEW

The Venezuelan crisis has generated the largest exodus in the region's recent history. As of April 2020, 5.1 million Venezuelans are living abroad of which 4.2 million (82%) are in Latin America and Caribbean countries.

Countries in Latin American and Caribbean have made significant efforts in providing humanitarian protection assistance and to migrants and refugees from Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela (hereinafter Venezuela) in their territories, but the outflows are not expected to decrease.

Host governments and donors continue to demonstrate solidarity and cooperation towards the provision of assistance for refugees and migrants from Venezuela. Migration Colombia, the national migration authority, announced the implementation of a series of measures aimed at the regularization of those Venezuelan citizens who are in the national territory without fulfilling the requirements of the law. One of the first measures announced is the issuance of a new Special Permit of Permanence (PEP as per its Spanish acronym), which targets those Venezuelan citizens who entered in Colombia before 29 November 2019 with a valid passport. This measure, adopted through Resolution 0240 on 23 January 2020 by the Colombian Foreign Ministry, would benefit about 200,000 Venezuelan citizens.

The second measure is the issuance of the Special Permit for Permanence for the Promotion of Formalization (PEPFF as per the Spanish acronym). It consists of a work permit, created by the Ministry of Labor and Migration Colombia, which would be granted only to those Venezuelan citizens who are in Colombia and have a formal job. The idea of the PEPFFT is that the Venezuelan citizens with a formal job begin to contribute to the social security system, reducing the social security burden, while promoting the economy and generating new labor force for those productive sectors that are in need.



CONTEXT OVERVIEW - COLOMBIA

COLOMBIAN GOVERNMENT SNAPSHOT OF VENEZUELANS IN COLOMBIA AS OF FEBRUARY 29, 2020

REGULAR STATUS

74.139

71.975



WITHIN THE TIME FRAME ESTABLISHED BY LAW

CARRIERS OF THE SPECIAL

PERMIT TO STAY (PEP)

EXCEEDED TIME THAT THEY COULD STAY

THESE FIGURES WERE PROJECTED CONSIDERING AN ANALYSIS OF THE MIGRATION VERIFICATIONS PERFORMED BY MIGRATION COLOMBIA

> WHO ENTERED THE **COUNTRY WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION ***

799.373

653.259

TOTAL OF ALL VENEZUELANS IN **COLOMBIA WITH REGULAR STATUS** 1.825.687

TOTAL OF ALL VENEZUELANS IN COLOMBIA

*EXPIRED PEP

1.026.314

TOTAL OF ALL VENEZUELANS IN **COLOMBIA WITH IRREGULAR STATUS**



IRREGULAR STATUS

282.972

743.342



Durante el taller Nacional DTM - Vocación de Permanencia, capacitamos a 53 líderes de equipo en la recolección de datos utilizando la Matriz de Monitoreo de Desplazamiento (DTM por sus siglas en inglés).

Esta herramienta nos permitirá identificar las condiciones actuales de refugiados y migrantes que tienen vocación de permanencia en territorio colombiano.

De esta forma podemos abordar detalles demográficos, preparación académica, composición del núcleo familiar con el que viven, ocupación, condiciones de salud, vivienda, seguridad alimentaria y ayuda recibida.

El taller de Displacement Tracking Matrix - DTM se realizó en conjunto con ACNUR, la Agencia de la ONU para los Refugiados y gracias al apoyo de Unión Europea en Colombia y U.S. Department of State: Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration



With financial support from





Hoy finaliza el taller Nacional DTM -Vocación de Permanencia, en el que capacitamos a 53 líderes de equipo en la recolección de datos utilizando la Matriz de Monitoreo de Desplazamiento (DTM por sus siglas en inglés).



11:02 - 18 oct. 2019

2 Retweets 7 Me gusta



Acmur/Unitor Américas, Population, Refugres, and Migration Bureau y Unión Europea en Colombia





OIM Colombia O @OIMColombia - 18 oct. Esta herramienta nos permitira identificar las condiciones de vida actuales de refugiados y migrantes que tienen vocación de permanencia en territorio colombiano.

El taller se realizó en conjunto GNCNUR entren y gracias al apoyo de O Concelhor y GNC en Colombia.



12 0 1







THEMES ADDRESSED IN EACH WORKSHOP

- Our donors: recognition and contribution of our donors and the resource context
- □ DTM "Planning to Stay" presentation
- Sessions on protection themes
 - Human trafficking
 - Protection and gender
- □ Who wants to be a humanitarian professional?
- □ Health and migration
- Roles and responsibilities of the implementation of the DTM methodology
- □ Information quality control
- □ Teamwork in territories prioritized for DTM data collection
- □ Regular conduct at the local, regional, and national levels
- Teamwork by prioritized territory for preparing the local workshop in each territory





53 team leaders were trained who will be charged with replicating the training with the enumerators in the intervention territories.







Support materials for the enumerators





Methodological guide and illustrations







DTM for Refugees and Migrants living in Colombia



TECHNICAL SHEET





Period: October 28th – November 10th 2019

Geographic Context:

Comprises 9 departments 16 and municipalities: Pasto and Ipiales (Nariño), Maicao and Rio hacha (La Guaiira). Barranguilla, Soledad and Campo de la Cruz (Atlántico), Cúcuta, Villa del Rosario and Puerto Santander (Norte de Santander), Bucaramanga (Santander), Cali (Valle del Bogotá, D.C. Cauca), and Soacha (Cundinamarca), Arauca (Arauca), Medellín (Antioquia).

Sampling framework:

The sampling universe includes those individuals arriving from Venezuela



- **K** Work Team:
 - 53 leaders from the DTM team
 - 634 enumerators
 - 10 professional profilers
 - 4 information management technicians
 - 1 information management specialist
 - 1 national coordinator
 - 1 logistical operator

Size and distribution of sample:

22,430 surveyed individuals in the 16 prioritized municipalities.



TECHNICAL SHEET



Pilgins 1 de [3]

With financial support from



SEMI-STRUCTURED

- Demographic data
- Education
- Livelihood
- Mobility
- Health
- Housing and habitability
- Access to services
- Access to food
- Protection, security, and dignity
- Support networks
- Population needs

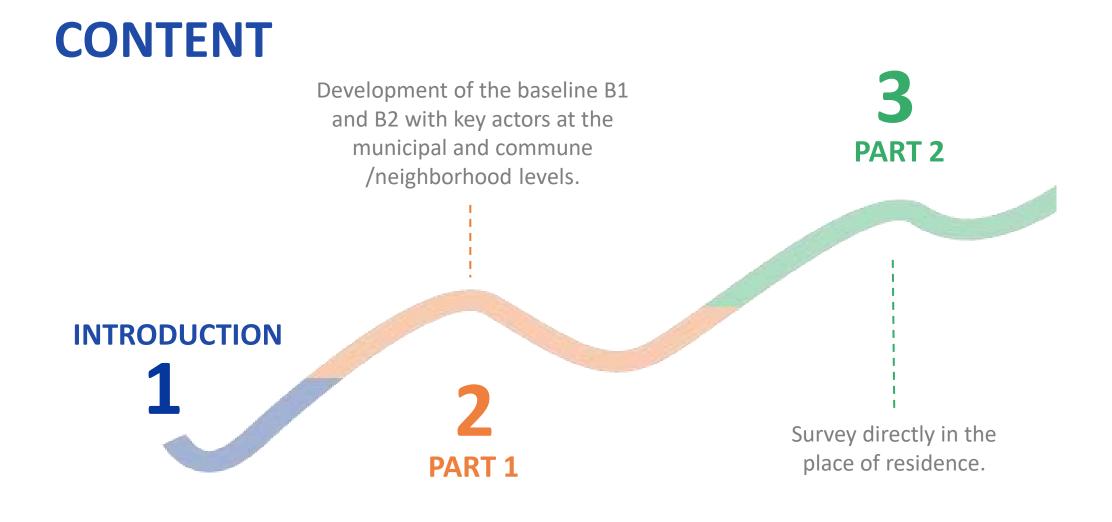




FAMILY GROUPS OF THOSE SURVEYED

38 661 family members of surveyed individuals









Development of the baseline

DATA COLLECTION



DTM Key Actors

BASELINE

- General information and sources of information
- Communes / localities / targeted zones and neighborhoods with migrant population presence originating from Venezuela in each processed municipality



DIRECT SURVEY

- Characteristics
- Demographics
- Education
- Nationality
- Place of origin
- Labor situation
- Motives
- Intentions
- Information capture on topics related to protection, security, and dignity





Development of the baseline

PRINCIPLE FINDINGS



43



Communes selected

111



Neighborhoods selected 632



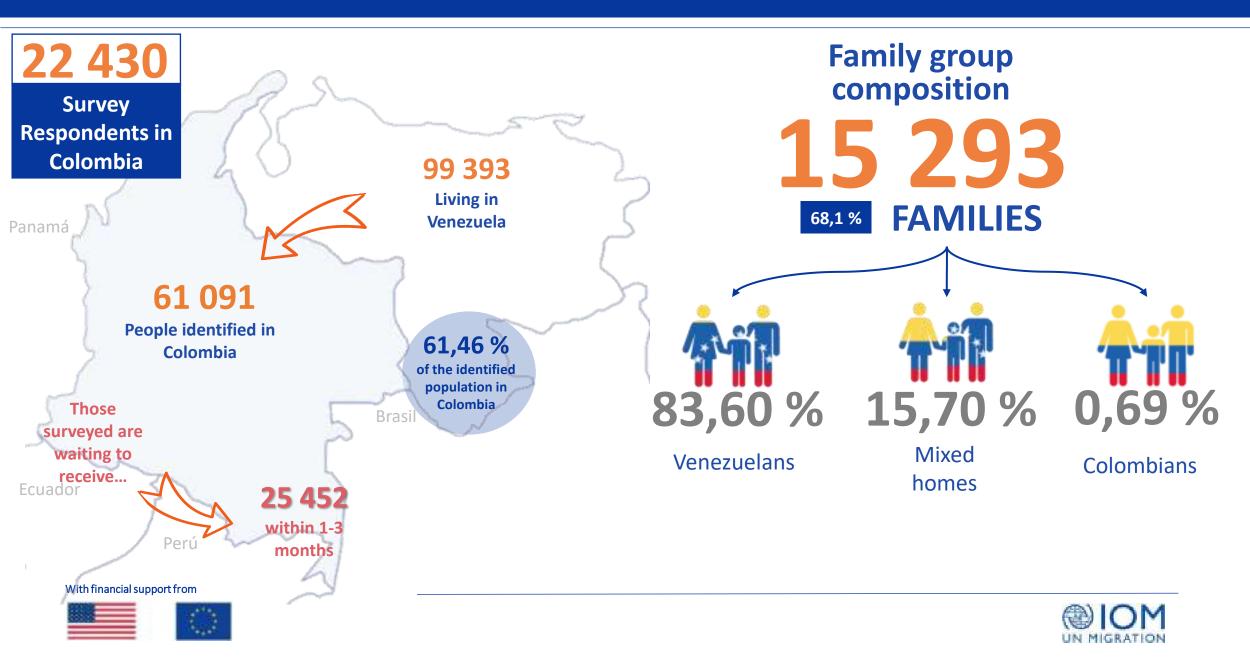
Surveys conducted 22 430

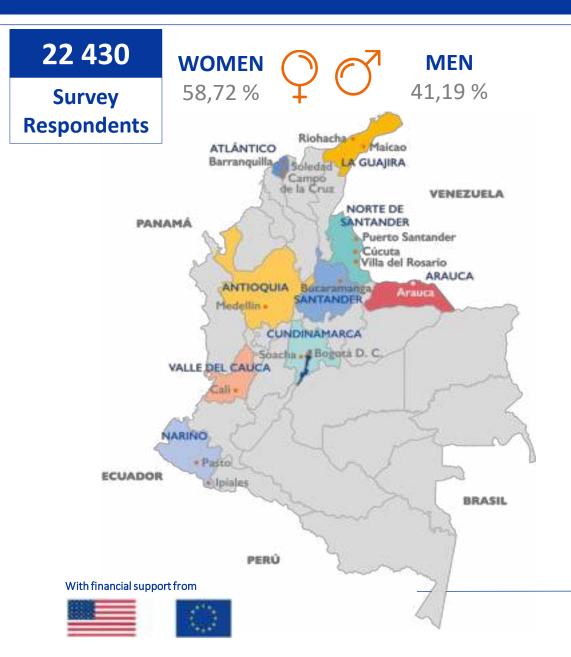


Families interviewed 15 293









61 091

People identified

WOMEN 51,38 % MEN 48,58 %

* 0,04 intersexual

	Survey respondents and family group			
Municipality	Women	Men	Total	
Riohacha	53 %	47 %	100 %	
Maicao	59 %	41 %	100 %	
Barranquilla	53 %	47 %	100 %	
Soledad	57 %	43 %	100 %	
Campo de la Cruz	52 %	48 %	100 %	
Puerto Santander	58 %	42 %	100 %	
Cúcuta	55 %	45 %	100 %	
Villa del Rosario	53 %	47 %	100 %	
Bucaramanga	49 %	51 %	100 %	
Medellín	54 %	46 %	100 %	
Arauca	51 %	49 %	100 %	
Soacha	50 %	50 %	100 %	
Bogotá, D. C.	49 %	51 %	100 %	
Cali	52 %	48 %	100 %	
Pasto	47 %	53 %	100 %	
lpiales	48 %	52 %	100 %	



IDENTITY DOCUMENT





Do you have any form of identity document? What document do you have? NO YES 5 % 95 % <1 % Colombia passport 5 % Birth registration **70 %** Venezuelan identity card 1% Colombian identity card **24** % Birth certificate 9 % Colombian citizenship card 20 % Venezuelan passport <1 % Other documents

Note: Percentages total more than 100% because those surveyed were allowed to select more than one document.







DEMOGRAPHIC DATA



People

identified

AGE GROUP OF THE POPULATION

Early childhood 0 to 5 years

14 %



Childhood 6 to 11 years





Adolescence 12 to 17 years







29 to 59

years

Seniors 60 to más

years

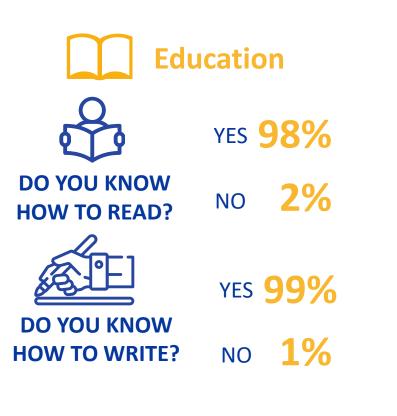
3 %





DATA OF THOSE SURVEYED





Education levels

2 %	Initial education (pre-kindergarten, kindergarten, preparatory)			
18 %	Basic General Education (1 st -3 rd grade)			
13 %	Complete Elementary Education (1 st -6 th grade)			
40 %	High School Education (High school diploma)			
9 %	Technical Degree (Associates degree)			
10 %	Higher Education (professional training: higher technical degree, some university)			
	Higher Education (Undergraduate degree: professional license, other professional certification)			
1 %	Higher Education (Post-graduate work: specialization, masters, doctorate)			
2 %	Does not have any formal education			





FAMILY GROUP DATA

Education Level



Children under 5 years of age Has not attended early 72 % childhood education Has attended early 27 % childhood education Do not know / Did not 1% respond Between 6-17 years 47% Yes, currently studying **53%** Not studying

	Reasons why not currently en	rolled in school
	neusons why not earrently en	
	No available spots	22 %
1	Lack of documentation	39 %
	Lack of necessary supplies	4 %
	Distance of educational institution	1 %
	Refused spot	3 %
17	Other motives	31 %
Y	Beginning in 2020: lack of money, work, in p	rocess of

matriculation, currently pregnant, in process for 2020.





LABOR MARKET



LABOR PROFILE OF THE VENEZUELAN MIGRANT POPULATION

EMPLOYMENT PROFILE OF THE COLOMBIAN POPULATION

DANE INFORMACIÓN PARA TODOS

Great Comprehensive Household Survey (GEIH) of Labor Markets

Fourth Quarter 2019

Men	Women	TOTAL	Index	TOTAL	Men	Women
74,4	76,8	75,6	Working age population (PET), older than 12 years of age	80,5	78,1	78,1
55,2	46,1	50,5	Economically active population (PEA) who works or is looking for work	51,4	58,9	43,2
65,1	46,8	55,6	Employment rate (TO) among those older than 12 years of age	57,7	69,4	47,8
12,3	22	16,8	Unemployment rate (TD)	9,5	8	13,5
21,1	12,5	16,8	Childhood labor rate (12-17 years)	5,9	7,8	3,9
35,6	20,2	27,9	Childhood labor rate (15-17 years)	16,7	10,8	6,7
96,1	97,6	97	Informal labor rate (18 years and older)	46,5	48,1	51,5

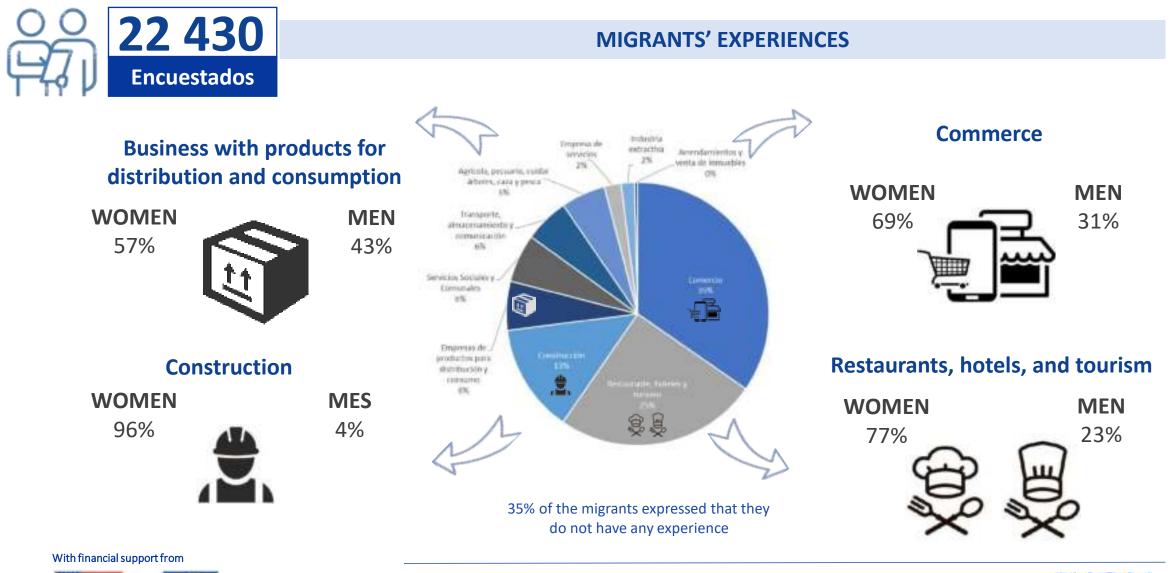
1. DANE defines the PET according to the international conferences on labor statistics.

2. Law 1098 (2006), Childhood and Adolescence establishes 15 years as the minimum age for work among minors.





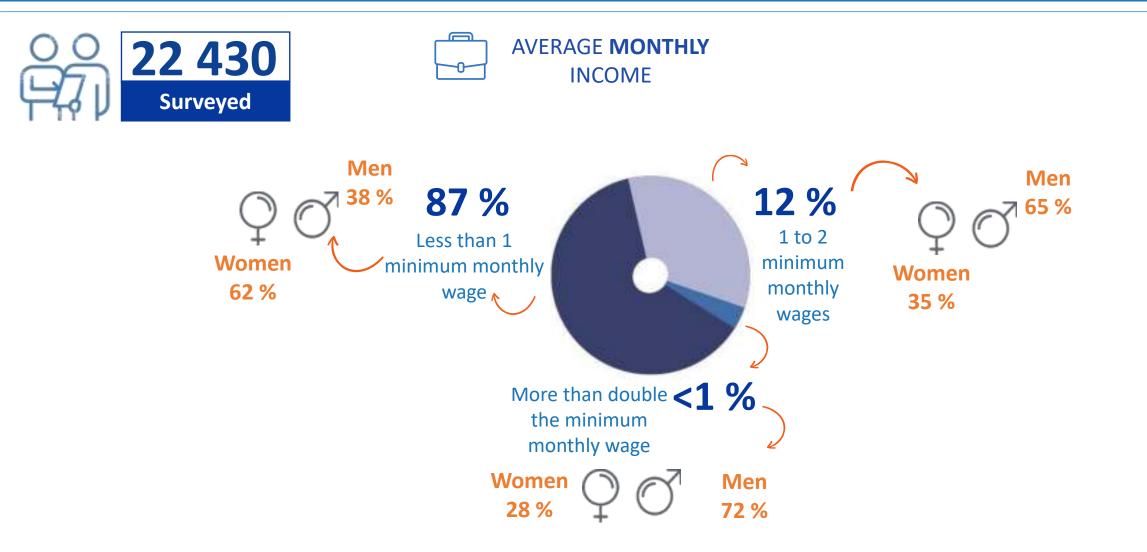
LABOR MARKET







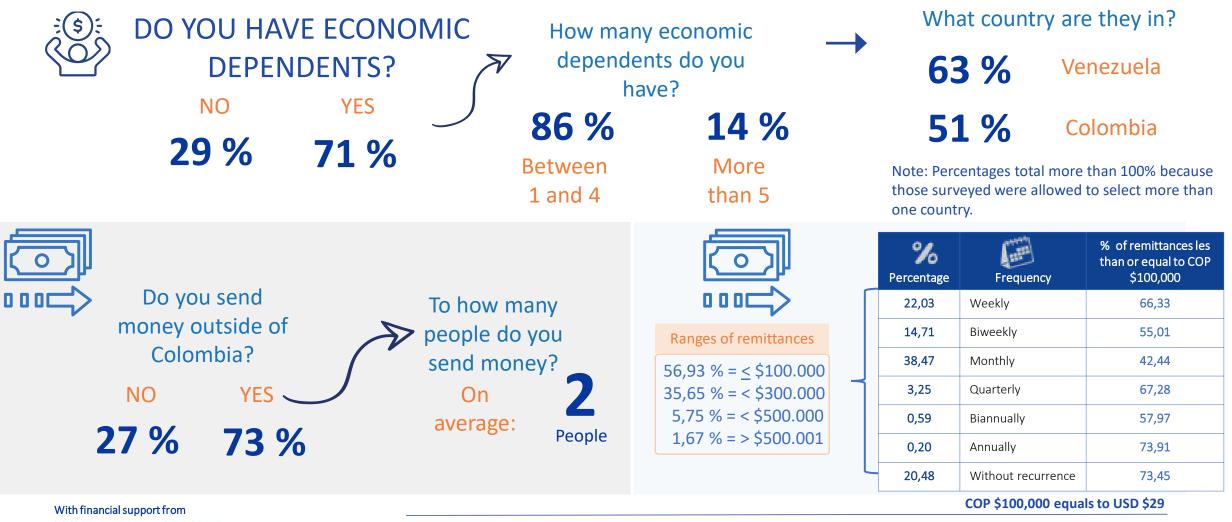
OCCUPATION AND LIVELIHOOD







OCCUPATION AND LIVELIHOOD



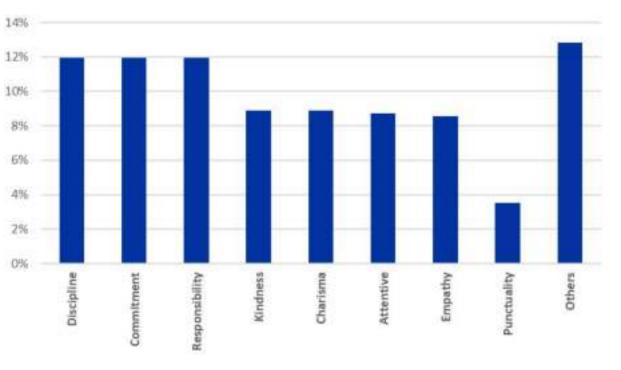




MIGRANT SOFT SKILLS



Eight soft skills most demanded and present among surveyed migrants



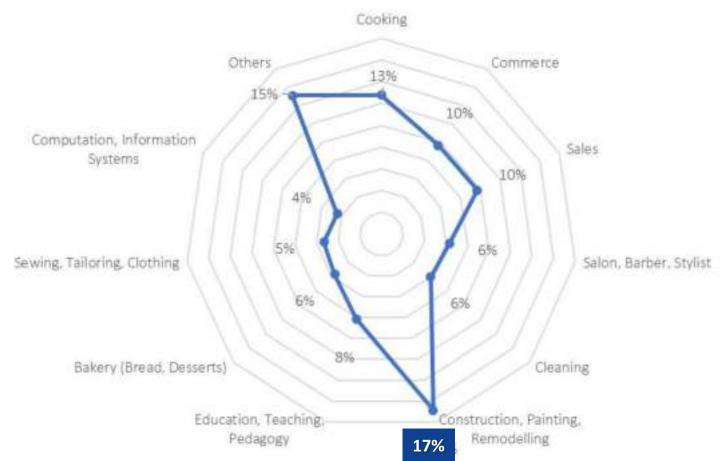
Those who have high levels of vulnerability develop compensatory emotional abilities out of necessity, and this enables them to be more resilient than others.





MIGRANT TECHNICAL COMPETENCIES

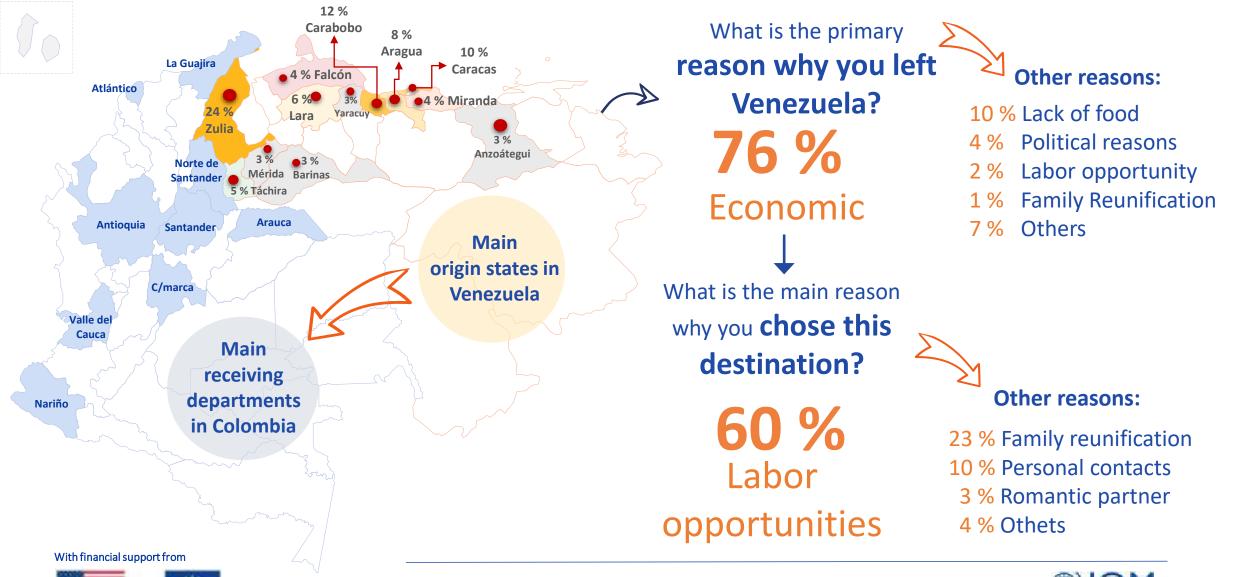








MOBILITY







MOBILITY







MOBILITY



Documentation of **migratory status**

People identified	SURVEYED	FAMILY GROUPS
	Solvered	
Type V Visitor Visa	<1 %	
Exit Safe Passage	<1 %	
Type M Migrant Visa	<1 %	
Permit to Enter and Stay (PIP)	3 %	
Visa de residente Tipo R	<1 %	
Salvoconducto de permanencia	1 %	
Border Mobility Card (TMF)	26 %	13 %
Special Permission to Stay (PEP)	23 %	14 %
Without Migratory Status	54 %	72 %

-

Note: Percentages total more than 100% because those surveyed were allowed to select more than one document type.



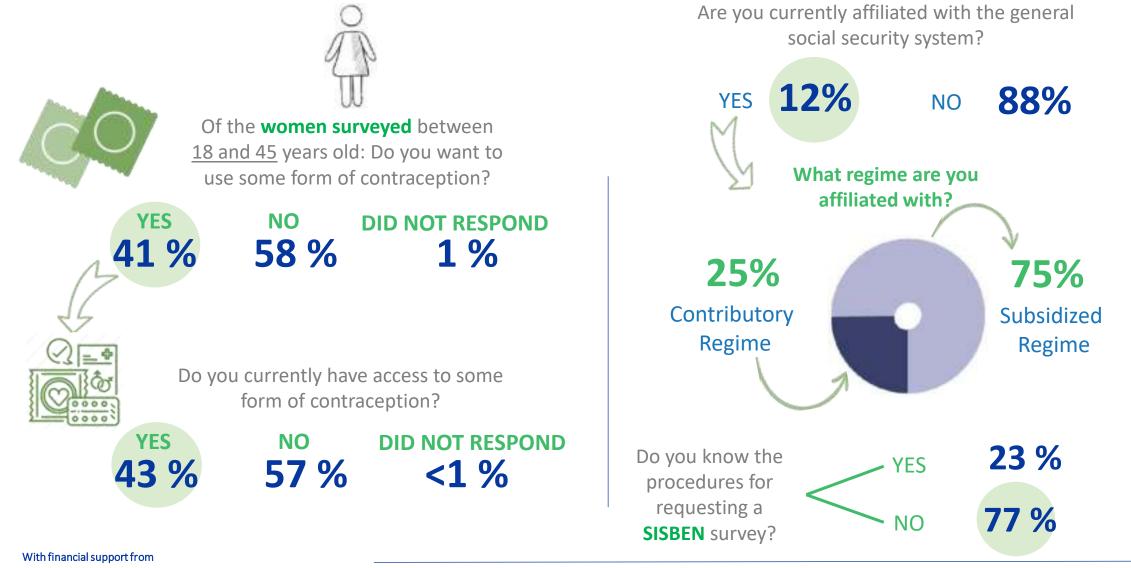


HEALTH

TOTAL WOMEN INTERVIEWED AND ACCOMPANYING FAMILY GROUPS WHO ARE CURRENTLY PREGNANT 1 338 6,44 %				-18 8,06 % are minors		
24						
Stage of	13 to 15	16 to 18	19 to 25	26 to 39	+ 40	
Pregnancy	years	years	years	years	years	
1 st trimester	1 %	3 %	17 %	10 %	1 %	TOTAL MEN AND WOMEN
2 nd trimester	1 %	6 %	17 %	10 %		UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE
3 rd trimester	1 %	5 %	16 %	12 %		UNREGISTERED
Attending prenatal care					153 (5,68 %)	
YES NO DON'T KNOW 50% 49% 1%						
With financial suppor	rt from					



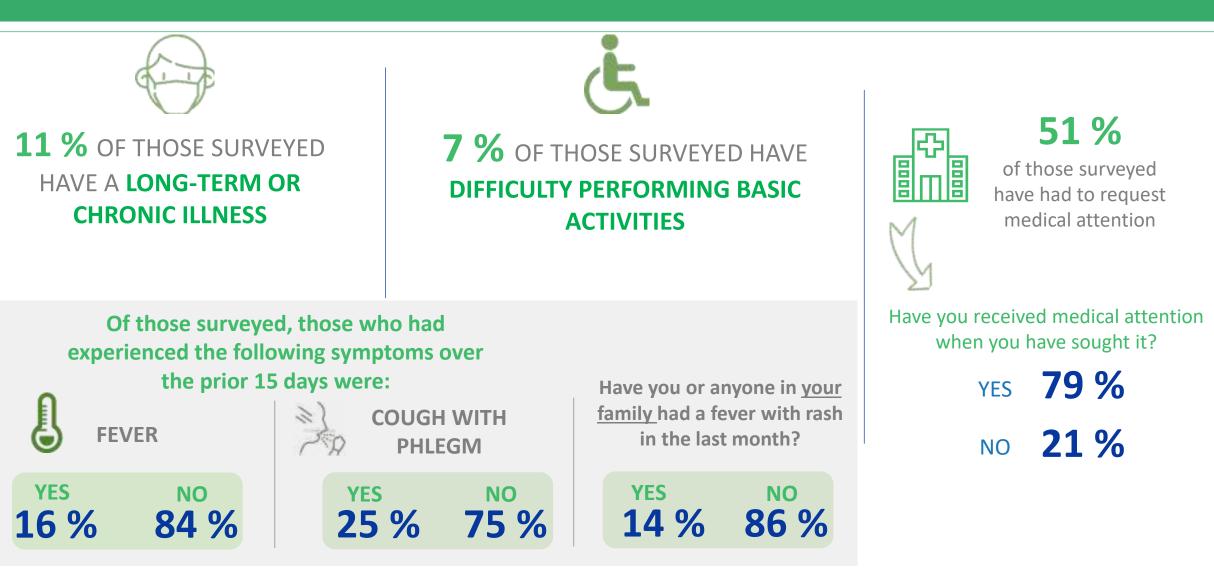
HEALTH







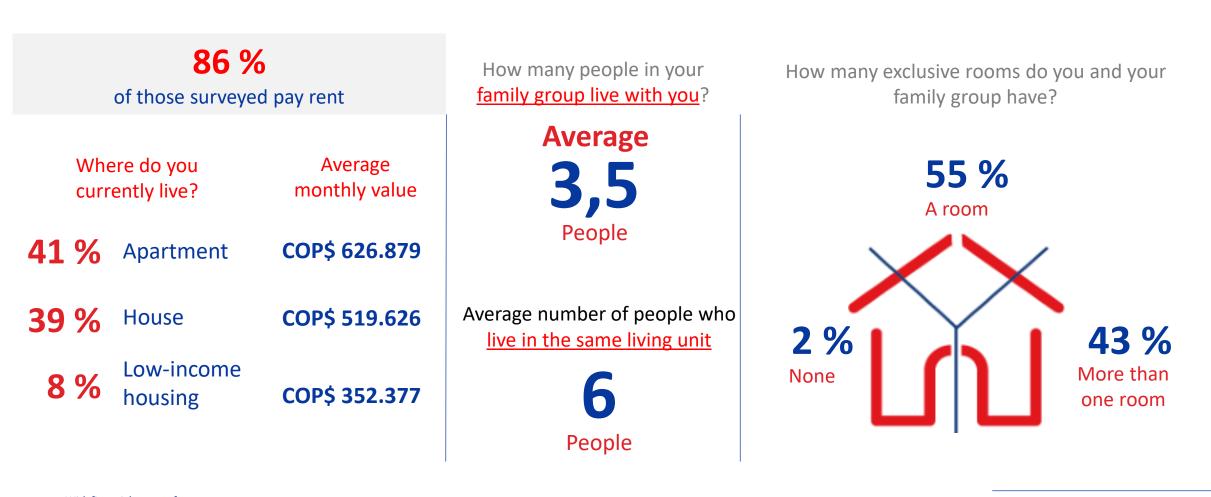
HEALTH







HOUSING AND HABITABILITY









FOOD SECURITY

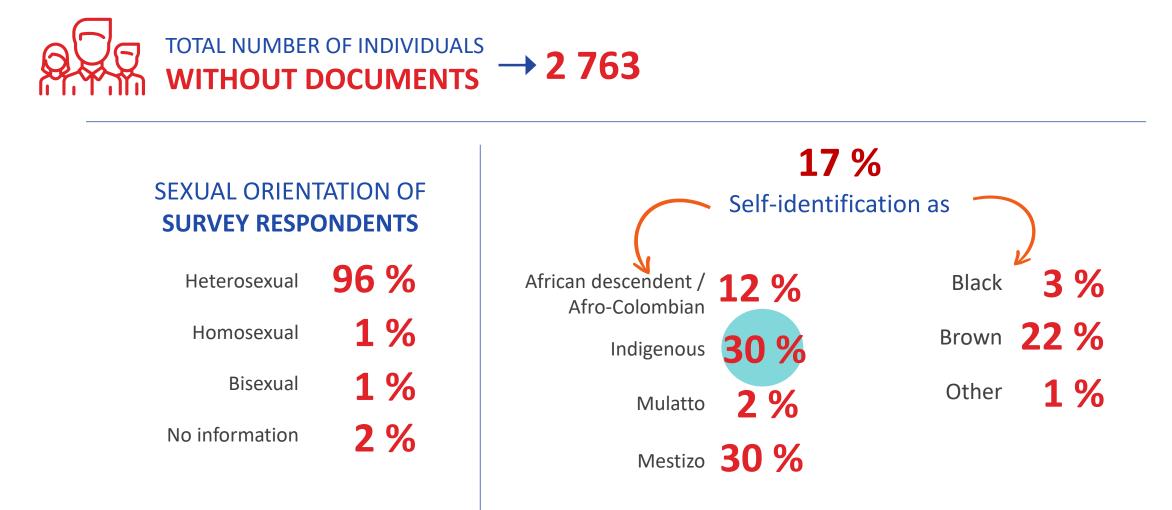


In the last three months in your home, have you all had to skip breakfast, lunch, or dinner because you did not have the resources to obtain food?

YES 61%



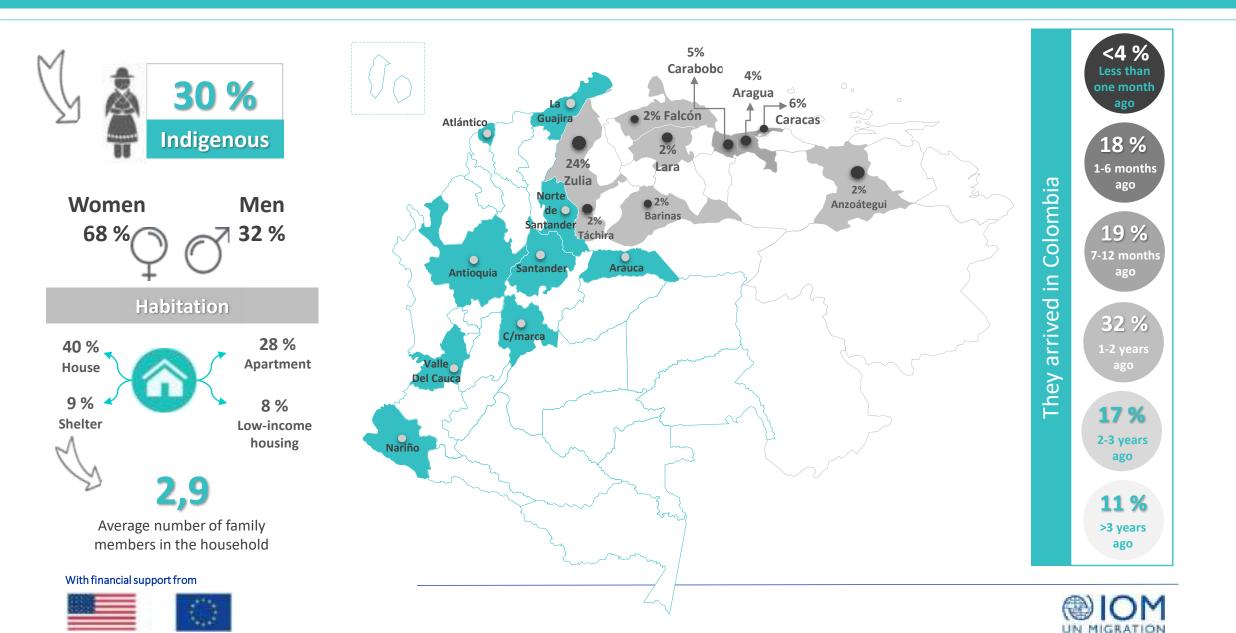


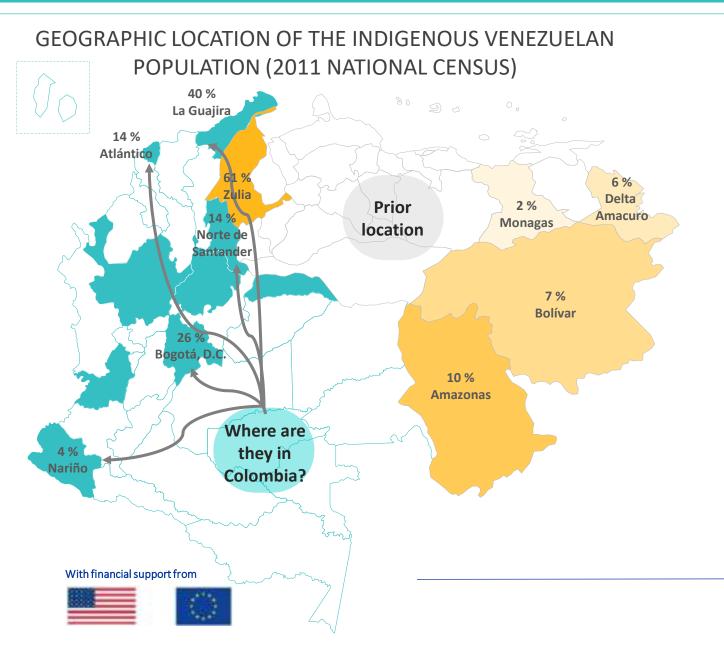


The DANE 2018 technical concepts manual for the national population census was used as a reference for these categories.









Age groups of those **SURVEYED AND THEIR FAMILIES**









Childhood

Adolescence



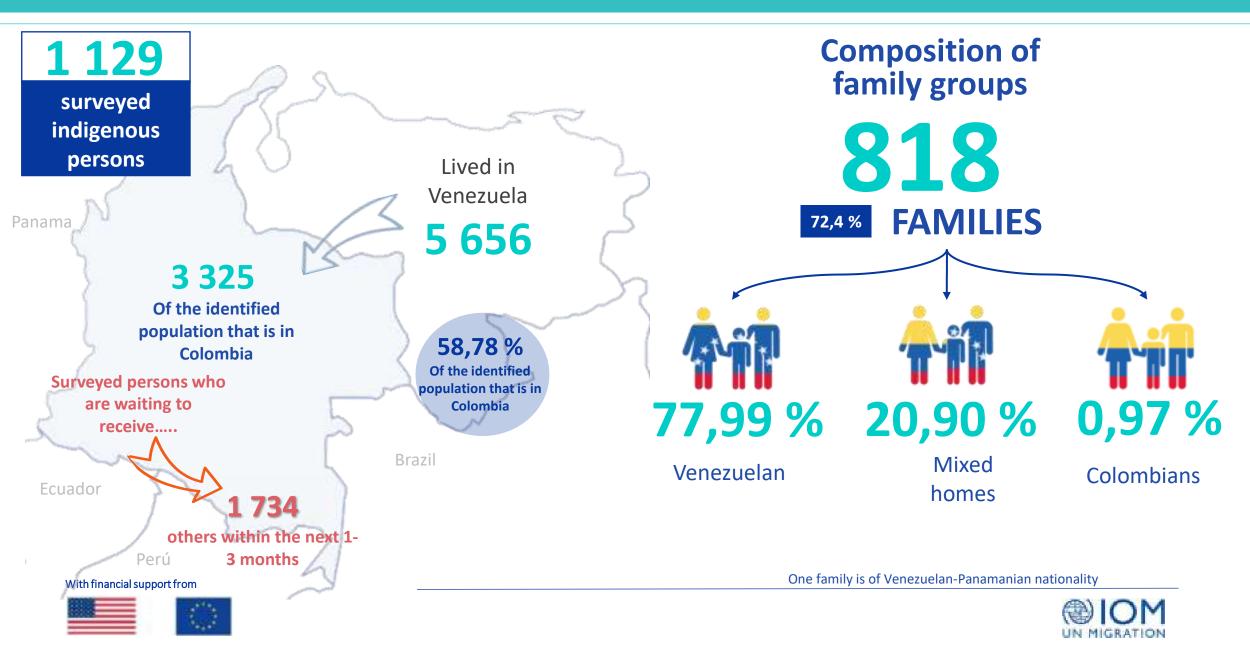
Youth

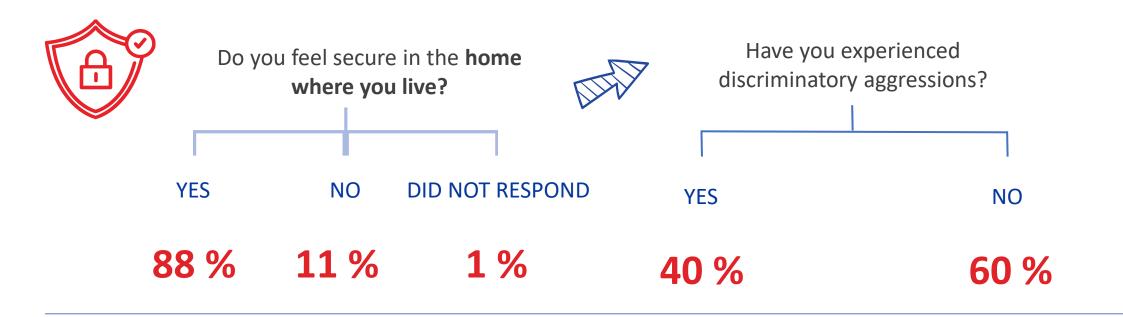










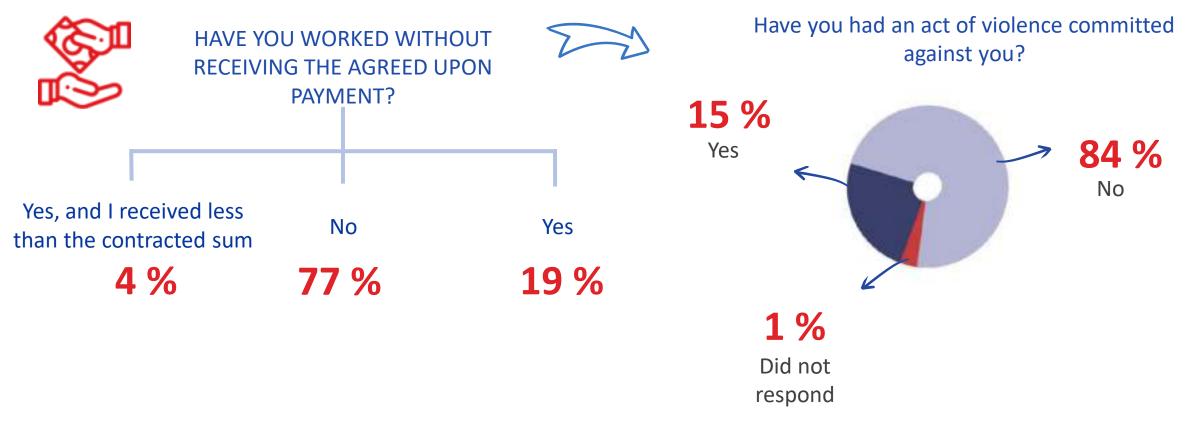


Is it possible that those minors in your family group could be victims of sexual violence, forced recruitment, drug abuse, or forced labor?





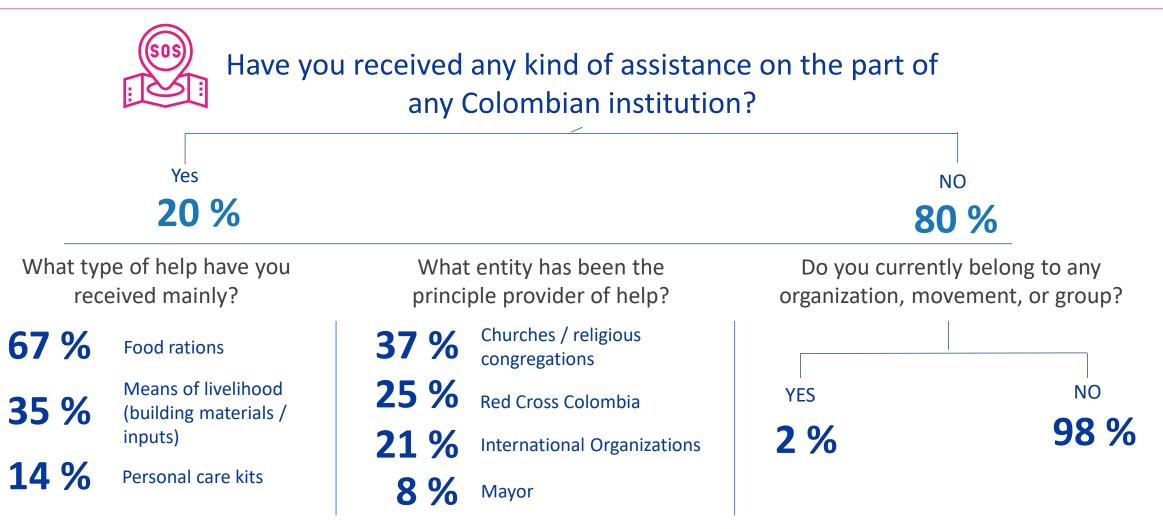








RECEIVED HELP AND SOCIAL SUPPORT NETWORKS



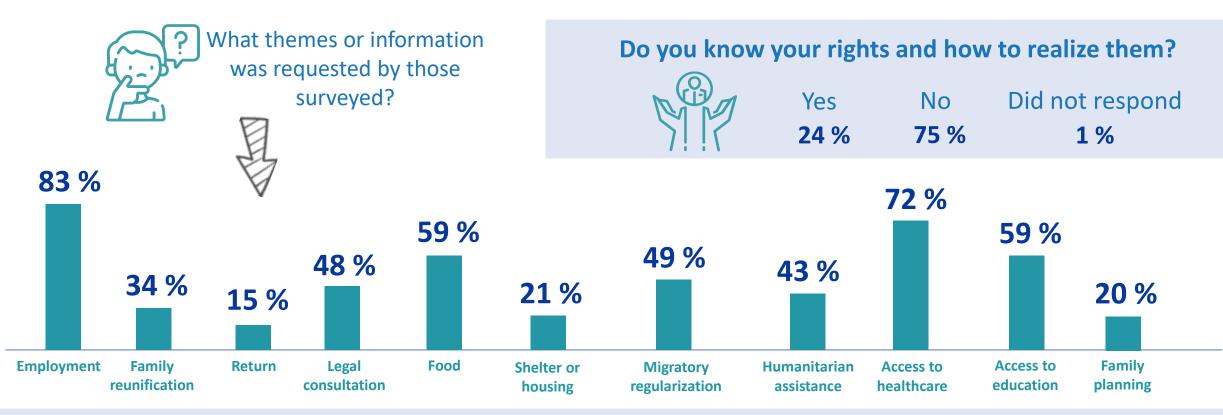
Note: Percentages total more than 100% because those surveyed were permitted to select more than one kind of aid







INFORMATION AND GUIDANCE REQUESTED BY MIGRANTS



What do you and your family need in order to establish yourselves in this municipality?



Note: Percentages total more than 100% because the surveyed population was able to select more than just one kind of necessity





Thank you!



